

MLA 2022 Seedling

Pick up:

Saturday May 21, 2022
9:00 am to 12

Name	
Phone Number	
Email	

**** New Location**

Port Carling Royal Canadian
Legion 408 Bailey St.

Welcome Back! The Butterfly Gardens, Riparian Lake E promote a healthy environment. Supplies v

Type	Order Size	Price	Order	Total
Riparian Lake Edge	21 in	\$6.00	per tray	
Butterfly Gardens	Tray of	21	per tray	
Red Oak	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
White Birch	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
White Pine	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
White Spruce	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
Red Osier Dogwood	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
Alleghany Serviceberry	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
Speckled Adler	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
Pussy Willow	Bundle of	10	per bundle	
ORDER			TOTAL	

**PLEASE NOTE THAT WE ORDER SEEDLINGS
REFUNDS CANNOT BE PROVIDED FOR ORDERS**

PLEASE NOTE THAT COVID PROTOCOLS W

Payment must be provided with order

Credit Card No. _____
Exp. Date _____ CVC code _____
Signature _____

Cheque Enclosed



To order send this form by April 29, 2022
Muskoka Lakes Association, Box 298, Port
Email: info@mla-7a6-5o7n2.3ca Phone 705

Muskoka Lakes Association See

Riparian Lake Edge Garden

Lake Edge flowers, shrubs and grasses that provide important habitat for wildlife. If the lake/river/pond water level varies, be sure to plant species that can tolerate fluctuating water levels.

Monarch Butterfly Gardens

A mix of 38 native wildflowers from Southern Ontario, chosen to attract monarch butterflies. When planting a monarch butterfly garden in your yard, you provide a habitat for these beautiful insects. However, a good loam will provide better results.

Red Oak (Native Deciduous Shrub)

Beautiful large tree, excellent for landscape use. Prefers full sun to partial shade environment. Squirrels are a good candidate to battle against climate change as they are a species to counteract the devastating impacts of the Beech Bark Disease in the Muskoka area, as Red Oak is considered second to American species such as deer and bear.

White Birch (Native Deciduous) Betula Papyrifera

Found on forest edges, lakeshores and roadsides, usually resistant to most diseases.

White Pine (Native Evergreen)

This is a rapid growing tree with wide spreading lateral branches. Maximum height of 30 meters in dry or moist conditions. A hardy tree.

White Spruce (Native Evergreen)

White Spruce grow on a variety of soils under a wide range of conditions. It can be used for shore stabilization. Needles are soft and flexible. They can grow up to 24 meters.

White Cedar (Native Evergreen)

Narrow growing. Makes excellent hedging plants. Dark green foliage. Grows in sand, loam, clay types of soil; it can grow up to 15 meters.

Red Osier Dogwood (Native Deciduous Shrub)

Noted for its red branches, great background with snow. Prefers a dry to moist sand/loam/clay soil; full sun to partial shade. Excellent for erosion control.

American Highbush Cranberry (Native Deciduous Shrub) Vaccinium

Found in swamps and open bogs on wet shores of ponds and lakes.

Serviceberry (Native Deciduous Shrub) Amelanchier Arborea

Wildly distributed in Southern Ontario, in open fields, edges of woods.

Ostrich Fern (Native Perennials)

This fern is deer resistant, and should be planted along streams and riverbanks and in moist forested sites.

Speckled Alder (Native Alnus Rugose)

Small Tree or Shrub. Does well in wet areas, likes stream banks. Has a moderately fast growth rate. Can identify from other alders. This alder has nitrogen fixing properties and is known to be a fast growing species.

Pussy Willow (Native Salix Discolor)

Commonly found throughout Ontario. Lives in damp meadows and along waterways. Your cuttings from a nearby tank fields, sewer lines, or water lines. Little though proper pruning. These plants love moisture. They are excellent for controlling soil erosion.

Sources:

- On the Living Waterfront book for waterfront living, Sarah Kippen
- Richard Biome's 2015 Fielding Guide
- Sassafras Farms
- Michael Henry, RIPS Fall 2015
- Forests Ontario