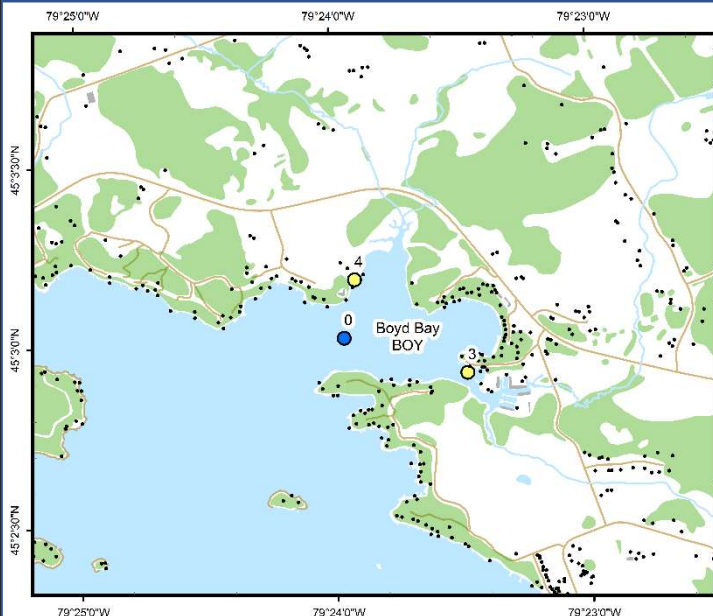




Boyd Bay (BOY)



Area Description:

Boyd Bay, in the central part of eastern Lake Muskoka, is a small bay which includes a marina in the southeast, a large wetland in the north, Highway 118 to the east and several inflowing creeks. Inflow from creeks drain agricultural land and therefore may be a source of high nutrient waters. The shoreline of Boyd Bay is highly developed including many residential properties with manicured lawns. MLA monitoring of Boyd Bay began in 2006.

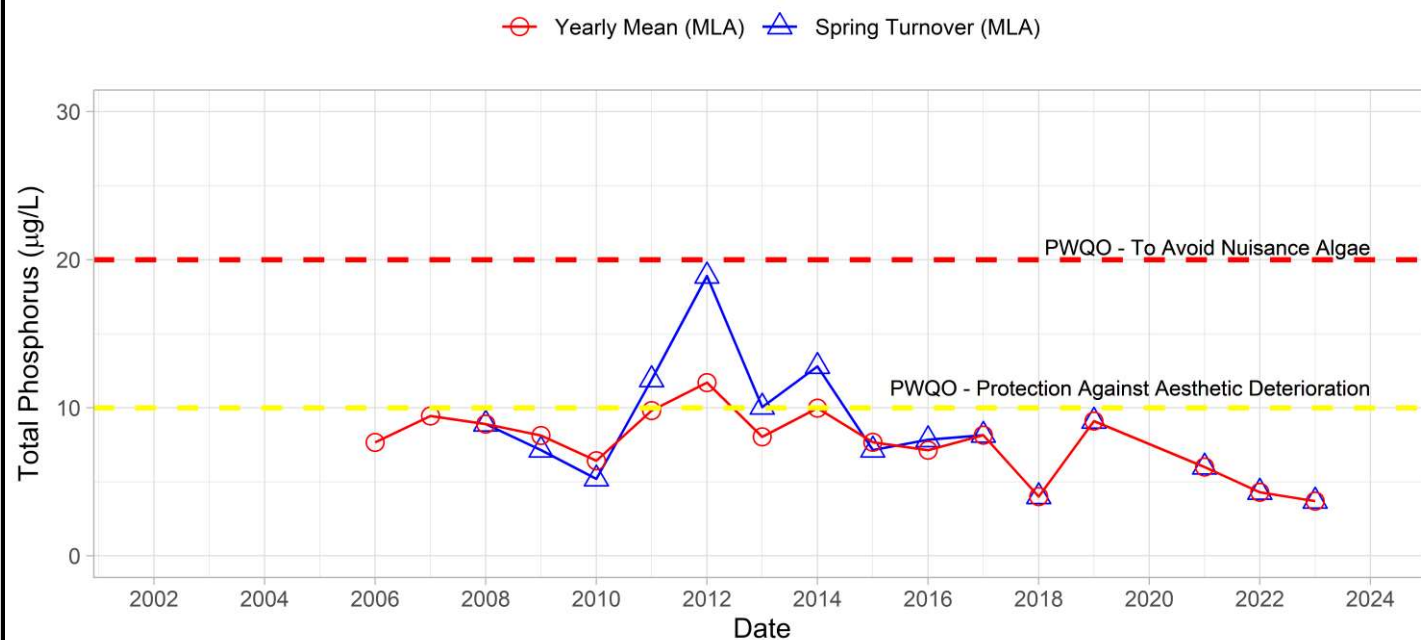
Volunteer Recognition: Bill & Jane Caughey, Paul Follis, Louise Cragg.

2023 Water Quality Results:

| | Mean Secchi Disk (m) | Total Phosphorus ($\mu\text{g/L}$) Spring Turnover | Yearly Mean | E. coli Yearly Geometric Mean (cfu/100mL) | Total Coliforms Yearly Geometric Mean (cfu/100 mL) |
|-------|-------------------------|---|-------------|---|---|
| BOY-0 | 2.1 | 3.7 | | | |
| BOY-3 | | 14.4 | 11.8 | | |
| BOY-4 | | 8.0 | 8.0 | | |

Note: Grubbs test indicates data collected in 2012 are considered an outlier

Phosphorus at BOY-0





Spring phosphorus concentrations in 2023 at the deep-water station (BOY-0) were below Provincial Water Quality Monitoring Objectives for Protection Against Aesthetic Deterioration (10 µg/L) and Nuisance Algal Growth (20 µg/L). Nearshore monitoring of annual average and spring phosphorus concentrations at BOY-3 and 4 were within the range of variability of previous monitoring years. Average annual Secchi disk depth (2.1 m) was consistent with previous monitoring (1.07 – 4.45 m). **HESL recommends ongoing sampling to continue to monitor for long-term trends and emerging issues.**